UMRA Forum

mRNA Technology: fundamentals and possibilities (from a virologist's point of view...)

Louis M. Mansky, Ph.D.

February 22, 2022 (2/22/22)







School of Dentistry

Overview of today's discussion

- General background and fundamentals
- Possibilities 1: Use in COVID-19
- Possibilities 2: Other potential applications



Biological molecules in a cell





Nucleic acids: DNA and RNA





Main types of RNA in a cell

Messenger RNA (mRNA) – carries code from DNA to ribosome for protein

synthesis



Ribosomal RNA (rRNA) – assembles amino acids brought by tRNA in a specific order from mRNA to make proteins; made of RNA by the nucleolus





Transfer RNA (tRNA) -

transports specific amino acid to ribosome for protein synthesis



Central dogma of molecular biology





Some milestones in mRNA biology & therapy

- 1961 mRNA discovered (Brenner)
- 1969 1st evidence of in vitro translation of mRNA (Lingrel)
- 1984 1st evidence of in vitro transcription using bacterial virus SP6 RNA polymerase (Krieg)
- 1990 1st demonstration of translation of mRNA injected into mice (Wolff)
- 1992 mRNA injection into rat brains for therapeutic treatment (Jirikowski)
- 1995 1st mRNA designed vaccine encoding cancer antigens (Conry)
- 2005 nucleoside modified, non immunogenic mRNA transcript designed (Kariko)
- 2009 1st trial of cancer immunotherapy using mRNA–based vaccines (Weide)



Liposomes, lipid nanoparticles, and technological advances in therapy







Similarities between liposomes & LNPs with virus-like particles (VLPs)



Naked VLPs

Example of an approved VLP vaccine:





COVID 19 mRNA vaccines





Other types of COVID-19 vaccines investigated





Mass production of mRNA vaccines presents many challenges...

 Kilogram amounts (and beyond) of the ingredients are needed!

Nutrition Facts Up to 6 doses per container Serving Size	2 doses % by weight 0.2 - 0.3%	What's in mRN	my A	
mRNA (messenger RNA) Help the body to build antibod Inactive Ingredients	lies against virus 99.7 - 99.8%	vaccin	le?	
Lipids (cholesterol) Protect and deliver the mRNA Salts (table salt)	to the cell			
Balance acidity/pH in your boo Acids and acid stabilizers (four Help maintain pH and stability	dy <i>nd in vinegar</i>) r of vaccine	SUPPORTS		CARLES STATE
Sugars (table sugar) Help maintain shape of molec	ules during freezing			
* The % by weight is the mass of ingredient of the solution multipled by 100.	t divided by the total mass	NO PRESERVATIVES	EGG FREE	



Previous research/knowledge not associated with COVID-19 was required for mRNA success



Serendipity in scientific discovery – or subsequent application of past discoveries (particularly in a crisis) – should not be underestimated



Creation of therapeutics is a continuum that always requires troubleshooting and experimentation to achieve success



Research continuum – basic research is needed all along the path...



mRNA vaccine delivery and response



Nature Reviews | Drug Discovery



mRNA vaccine applications under study (as of 2018)

Delivery system type	Route of delivery	Species	Target
Commercial transfection reagent	i.n.	Mouse	OVA ¹⁴⁵
Protamine	i.d.	Mouse, ferret, pig and human	Influenza virus ^{18,52} , melanoma ¹⁵⁰ , non-small-cell lung cancer ²⁰⁰ , prostate cancer ^{36,52,151} , rabies virus ⁵⁶ , OVA ^{36,52,155} and Lewis lung cancer ¹⁵⁵
Protamine liposome	i.v.	Mouse	Lung cancer ²⁰¹
Polysaccharide particle	S.C.	Mouse and rabbit	Influenza virus ⁹⁸
Cationic nanoemulsion	i.m.	Mouse, rabbit, ferret and rhesus macaque	Influenza virus ⁹⁶ , RSV ⁵⁰ , HIV-1 (REFS 50,97), HCMV ⁵⁰ , <i>Streptococcus</i> spp. ¹⁰⁰ , HCV and rabies virus ⁸⁷
Cationic polymer	s.c. and i.n.	Mouse	Influenza virus ⁹⁹ , andHIV-1 (REFS 110,111)
Cationic polymer liposome	i.v.	Mouse	Melanoma ^{202,203} , pancreatic cancer ²⁰⁴
Cationic lipid nanoparticle	i.d., i.v. and s.c.	Mouse	HIV-1 (REF. 109) and OVA ¹⁵²
Cationic lipid, cholesterol nanoparticle	i.v., s.c. and i.s.	Mouse	Influenza virus ^{59,108} , melanoma ^{59,141} , Moloney murine leukaemia virus, OVA, HPV andc olon cancer ⁵⁹
Cationic lipid, cholesterol, PEG nanoparticle	i.d., i.m. and s.c.	Mouse, cotton rat and rhesus macaque	Zika virus ^{20,85,112} , influenza virus ^{22,94,95,205} , RSV ¹⁹ , HCMV, rabies virus ⁸⁷ and melanoma ¹⁵³
Dendrimer nanoparticle	i.m.	Mouse	Influenza virus, Ebola virus, Toxoplasma gondii ⁸⁹ and Zika virus ⁸⁸

HCMV, human cytomegalovirus; HCV, hepatitis C virus; HPV, human papillomavirus; i.d., intradermal; i.m., intramuscular; i.n., intranasal; i.s., intrasplenic; i.v., intravenous; OVA, ovalbumin-expressing cancer models; PEG, polyethylene glycol; RSV, respiratory syncytial virus; s.c., subcutaneous.



Sponsoring institution	Vaccine type (route of administration)	Targets	Trial numbers (phase)	Status
Argos Therapeutics	DC EP with autologous viral Ag and CD40L mRNAs (i.d.)	HIV-1	• NCT00672191 (II) • NCT01069809 (II) • NCT02042248 (I)	 Completed¹⁰⁵ Completed; results NA Completed; results NA
CureVac AG	RNActive viral Ag mRNA (i.m., i.d.)	Rabies virus	NCT02241135 (I)	Active ^{56,91}
Erasmus Medical Center	DC loaded with viral Ag mRNA with TriMix (i.nod.)	HIV-1	NCT02888756 (II)	Recruiting
Fundació Clínic per la Recerca Biomèdica	Viral Ag mRNA with TriMix (NA)	HIV-1	NCT02413645 (I)	Active
Massachusetts General Hospital	DC loaded with viral Ag mRNA (i.d.)	HIV-1	NCT00833781 (II)	Completed ¹⁰⁴
McGill University Health Centre	DC EP with autologous viral Ag and CD40L mRNAs (i.d.)	HIV-1	NCT00381212 (I/II)	Completed ¹⁰²
Moderna Therapeutics	Nucleoside-modified viral Ag	Zika virus	NCT03014089 (I/II)	Recruiting ⁸⁵
	mRNA (i.m.)	Influenza virus	NCT03076385 (I)	Ongoing ²²

The table summarizes the clinical trials registered at <u>ClinicalTrials.gov</u> as of 5 May 2017. Ag, antigen; CD40L, CD40 ligand; DC, dendritic cell; EP, electroporated; i.d., intradermal; i.m., intramuscular; i.nod., intranodal; NA, not available.

Clinical trials with mRNA vaccines against viral diseases (as of 2018)



Clinical trials with mRNA vaccines against

cancer (as of 2018)

Sponsoring institution	Vaccine type (route of administration)	Targets	Trial numbers (phase)	Status
Antwerp University Hospital	DC EP with TAA mRNA (i.d. or NA)	AML	 NCT00834002 (I) NCT01686334 (II) 	 Completed^{206,207} Recruiting
		AML, CML, multiple myeloma	NCT00965224 (II)	Unknown
		Multiple solid tumours	NCT01291420 (I/II)	Unknown ²⁰⁸
		Mesothelioma	NCT02649829 (I/II)	Recruiting
		Glioblastoma	NCT02649582 (I/II)	Recruiting
Argos Therapeutics	DC EP with autologous tumour mRNA with or without CD40L mRNA (i.d. or NA)	Renal cell carcinoma	NCT01482949 (II) NCT00678119 (II) NCT00272649 (I/II) NCT01582672 (III) NCT00087984 (I/II)	Ongoing Completed ²⁰⁹ Completed; results NA Ongoing Completed; results NA
		Pancreatic cancer	NCT00664482 (NA)	Completed; results NA
Asterias Biotherapeutics	DC loaded with TAA mRNA (NA)	AML	NCT00510133 (II)	Completed ²¹⁰
BioNTech RNA Pharmaceuticals GmbH	Naked TAA or neo-Ag mRNA (i.nod.)	Melanoma	 NCT01684241 (l) NCT02035956 (l) 	 Completed; results NA Ongoing
	Liposome-complexed TAA mRNA (i.v.)	Melanoma	NCT02410733 (l)	Recruiting ⁵⁹
	Liposome-formulated TAA and neo-Ag mRNA (i.v.)	Breast cancer	NCT02316457 (I)	Recruiting
CureVac AG	RNActive TAA mRNA (i.d.)	Non-small-cell lung cancer	 NCT00923312 (I/II) NCT01915524 (I) 	Completed ²¹¹ Terminated ²⁰⁰
		Prostate cancer	 NCT02140138 (II) NCT00831467 (I/II) NCT01817738 (I/II) 	 Terminated Completed¹⁵¹ Terminated²¹²
Duke University	DC loaded with CMV Ag mRNA (i.d. or ing.)	Glioblastoma, malignant glioma	 NCT00626483 (l) NCT00639639 (l) NCT02529072 (l) NCT02366728 (ll) 	 Ongoing²¹³ Ongoing^{136,139} Recruiting Recruiting
	DC loaded with autologous tumour mRNA (i.d.)	Glioblastoma	NCT00890032 (I)	Completed; results NA
	DC, matured, loaded with TAA mRNA (i.nod.)	Melanoma	NCT01216436 (I)	Terminated

Guangdong 999 Brain Hospital	DC loaded with TAA mRNA (NA)	Glioblastoma	 NCT02808364 (I/II) NCT02709616 (I/II) 	 Recruiting Recruiting
		Brain metastases	NCT02808416 (I/II)	Recruiting
Herlev Hospital	DC loaded with TAA mRNA (i.d.)	Breast cancer, melanoma	NCT00978913 (l)	Completed ²¹⁴
		Prostate cancer	NCT01446731 (II)	Completed ²¹⁵
Life Research Technologies GmbH	DC, matured, loaded with TAA mRNA (NA)	Ovarian cancer	NCT01456065 (I)	Unknown
Ludwig-Maximilian- University of Munich	DC loaded with TAA and CMV Ag mRNA (i.d.)	AML	NCT01734304 (I/II)	Recruiting
MD Anderson Cancer Center	DC loaded with AML lysate and mRNA (NA)	AML	NCT00514189 (I)	Terminated
Memorial Sloan Kettering	DC (Langerhans) EP with TAA mRNA (i.d.)	Melanoma	NCT01456104 (I)	Ongoing
Cancer Center		Multiple myeloma	NCT01995708 (l)	Recruiting
Oslo University Hospital	DC loaded with autologous tumour or TAA mRNA (i.d. or NA)	Melanoma	 NCT00961844 (I/II) NCT01278940 (I/II) 	Terminated Completed ²¹⁶
		Prostate cancer	 NCT01197625 (I/II) NCT01278914 (I/II) 	 Recruiting Completed; results NA
		Glioblastoma	NCT00846456 (I/II)	Completed ²¹⁷
		Ovarian cancer	NCT01334047 (I/II)	Terminated
Radboud University	DC EP with TAA mRNA (i.d. and i.v. or i.nod)	Colorectal cancer	NCT00228189 (I/II)	Completed ²¹⁸
		Melanoma	NCT00929019 (I/II) NCT00243529 (I/II) NCT00940004 (I/II) NCT01530698 (I/II) NCT02285413 (II)	Terminated Completed ^{219,220} Completed ^{220,221} Completed ^{144,220,221} Completed ^{144,220,221} Completed; results NA
Universitair Ziekenhuis Brussel	DC EP with TAA and TriMix mRNA (i.d. and i.v.)	Melanoma	• NCT01066390 (l) • NCT01302496 (ll) • NCT01676779 (ll)	 Completed¹³⁷ Completed¹⁴⁰ Completed; results NA
University Hospital Erlangen	DC, matured, loaded with autologous tumour RNA (i.v.)	Melanoma	NCT01983748 (III)	Recruiting
University Hospital Tübingen	Autologous tumour mRNA with GM-CSF protein (i.d. and s.c.)	Melanoma	NCT00204516 (I/II)	Completed ²²²
	Protamine-complexed TAA mRNA with GM-CSF protein (i.d. and s.c.)	Melanoma	NCT00204607 (I/II)	Completed ¹⁵⁰
University of Campinas, Brazil	DC loaded with TAA mRNA (NA)	AML, myelodysplastic syndromes	NCT03083054 (I/II)	Recruiting
University of Florida	RNActive* TAA mRNA (i.d.)	Prostate cancer	NCT00906243 (I/II)	Terminated
	DC loaded with CMV Ag mRNA with GM-CSF protein (i.d.)	Glioblastoma, malignant glioma	NCT02465268 (II)	Recruiting

The table summarizes the clinical trials registered at <u>ClinicalTrials.gov</u> as of 5 May 2017. Ag. antigen: AML, acute myeloid leukaemia; CD40L, CD40 ligand; CML, chronic myeloid leukaemia; CMV, cytomegalovirus; DC, dendritic cell; EP, electroporated; CM-CSF, granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor; id, intradermal; ing, inguinal injection; i.nod, intranodal injection; i.w, intravenous; NA, not available; neo-Ag, personalized neoantigen; s.c., subcutaneous; TAA, tumour-associated antigen. "Developed by CureVac AG."



Leading mRNA vaccine developers (as of 2018)

	Institution	mRNA technology	Partners	Indication (disease target)
_	Argos Biotechnology	mRNA neoantigens (Arcelis platform)	NA	Individualized cancer vaccines, HIV-1
	BioNTech RNA Pharmaceuticals GmbH	Nucleoside-modified mRNA (IVAC Mutanome, FixVAC)	Genentech/Roche	Individualized cancer vaccines
\neg			Bayer AG	Veterinary vaccines
	CureVac AG	Sequence-optimized, purified mRNA (RNActive, RNArt, RNAdjuvant)	Boehringer Ingelheim GmbH	Cancer vaccines (lung cancer)
			Johnson & Johnson	Viral vaccines
			Sanofi Pasteur	Infectious disease vaccines
5			BMGF	Infectious disease vaccines
			IAVI	HIV vaccines
	eTheRNA Immunotherapies	Purified mRNA (TriMix)	NA	Cancer (melanoma, breast), viral vaccines (HBV and/or HPV)
	GlaxoSmithKline/ Novartis	Self-amplifying mRNA (SAM) (alphavirus replicon)	NA	Infectious disease vaccines
	Moderna Therapeutics	Nucleoside-modified mRNA	Merck & Co.	Individualized cancer vaccines, viral vaccines
			BMGF, DARPA, BARDA	Viral vaccines (influenza virus, CMV, HMPV, PIV, chikungunya virus, Zika virus)
	University of Pennsylvania	Nucleoside-modified, purified mRNA	NA	Infectious disease vaccines

BARDA, Biomedical Advanced Research and Development Authority; BMGF, Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation; CMV, cytomegalovirus; DARPA, Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency; HBV, hepatitis B virus; HMPV, human metapneumovirus; HPV, human papillomavirus; IAVI, International AIDS Vaccine Initiative; NA, not available; PIV, parainfluenza virus.



Suspicion of vaccination has an old history



- In 1798, Physician Edward Jenner demonstrated that cowpox (a virus related to smallpox) could provide protection from smallpox (deduced by recognizing that dairymaids infected with cowpox were immune to smallpox)
- In this 1802 cartoon, the British satirist James Gillray implied that vaccination caused people to become part cow





There is a seemingly endless potential for mRNA technology applications to treat various ailments and diseases of humans & animals



Suggested resource for finding ongoing mRNA vaccine clinical trials <u>https://clinicaltrials.gov/</u>

ClinicalTrials.gov is a database of privately and publicly funded clinical studies conducted around the world.

Explore 405,313 research studies in all 50 states and in 220 countries.

See listed clinical studies related to the coronavirus disease (COVID-19)

ClinicalTrials.gov is a resource provided by the U.S. National Library of Medicine.

IMPORTANT: Listing a study does not mean it has been evaluated by the U.S. Federal Government. Read our disclaimer for details.

Before participating in a study, talk to your health care provider and learn about the <u>risks and</u> potential benefits.





Questions, questions, & more questions...





UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA Driven to Discover®

Crookston Duluth Morris Rochester Twin Cities

The University of Minnesota is an equal opportunity educator and employer.